Understanding Christianity: conceptual knowledge developmental overview

Concept: Incarnation

| Key Stage 1 | Lower Key Stage 2 | Upper Key Stage 2 |
|---|---|---|
| Christians believe that Jesus is God and | Christians believe God is Trinity: | • The Old Testament pieces together the |
| that he was born as a baby in Bethlehem. | Father, Son and Holy Spirit. | story of the People of God. As their |
| • The Bible points out that his birth showed | Christians believe the Father | circumstances change (for example, from |
| that he was extraordinary (for example, he | creates; he sends the Son who | being nomads (Abraham, Jacob) to being |
| is worshipped as a king, in Matthew) and | saves his people; the Son sends | city dwellers (David)), they have to learn |
| that he came to bring good news (for | the Holy Spirit to his followers. | new ways of following God. |
| example, to the poor, in Luke). | • Jesus, the Son of God, is seen by Christians | The story of Moses and the Exodus shows |
| Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; Advent | as revealing what God the Father is like. | how God rescued his people from slavery in |
| for Christians is a time of getting ready for | Understanding God is | Egypt. |
| Jesus' coming | challenging; people spend their | Christians apply this idea to living today |
| | whole lives learning more and | by trying to serve God and to bring freedom |
| | more about God. | to others; for example, loving others, caring |
| | Christians believe the Holy Spirit is God's | for them, bringing health, food, justice, and |
| | power at work in the world and in their lives | telling the story of Jesus. |
| | today, enabling them to follow Jesus. | Christians see the Christian Church as part |
| | | of the ongoing story of the People of God, |
| | | and try to live in a way that attracts others |
| | | to God, for example, as salt and light in the |
| | | world. |